VICTORY TOTAL RETURN BOND FUND QUARTERLY COMMENTARY

VICTORY income investors

As of March 31, 2024

Executive Summary

Fixed income experienced some volatility in the first quarter of 2024. Inflation prints came in above or at expectations throughout the quarter, and the Federal Reserve (the Fed) kept rates stable. Performance was driven by an upward shift in the Treasury curve, as yields moved up and the market priced in higher rates for longer. Against this backdrop, the Victory Total Return Bond Fund (A Shares, without sales charge) outperformed its benchmark, the Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index, for the quarter ended March 31, 2024.

Market Update & Commentary

At the beginning of 2024 markets were very optimistic that the Fed would cut rates aggressively. Coming off the rally in the last two months of 2023, interest rate futures pricing reflected nearly seven rate cuts in 2024 at the beginning of the quarter. But the Fed's "wait and see" approach to lowering rates left market participants struggling to align on a single narrative and throughout the course of the quarter, rate cut expectations dimmed in response to higher-than-expected inflation and a remarkably strong labor market.

Nonfarm payrolls increased throughout the quarter, continuing a trend of persistent employment growth. By the end of March, the market had reconciled itself to expectations of only three or maybe even two rate cuts during 2024. The market's intense focus on economic reporting this quarter drove timing expectations for the first rate cut further into 2024, from March to June at the earliest. Evolving expectations for the future of the federal funds rate caused the Treasury curve to rise across all tenors, and the rise in yields led to negative returns across most broad bond indices with the exception of high yield.

The Consumer Price Index, a popular measure of prices paid, and thus, inflation, increased to 3.7% from 3.1% during Q1 2024. These past three months investors discovered the Fed was not bluffing when Chairman Powell noted in December that should economic conditions change, keeping rates higher for longer is not out of the question. While the Fed maintains that the data do not materially change their economic outlook, there is a small but nagging concern that the Fed may need to reframe the path forward should inflation be stickier than expected. As a result of recent inflation prints subverting expectations and a particularly resilient labor market, all eyes stay on the Fed and future monetary policy.

	Yield (%)	Spreads (bps*)			Returns (%)	
		3/31/2024	12/31/2023	Δ (+/-)	3M	1YR
Investment Grade (Moody's Ratings)						
U.S. Treasury	4.4	-	-	-	(1.0)	0.1
U.S. Aggregate	4.8	39	42	-3	(0.8)	1.7
U.S. Credit	5.3	84	93	-9	(0.4)	4.1
Corporate	5.3	89	98	-9	(0.4)	4.4
Aa	4.9	43	47	-4	(1.0)	1.9
A	5.2	76	84	-8	(0.6)	3.7
Baa	5.5	110	121	-11	(0.1)	5.6
Crossover	6.2	160	183	-22	0.6	8.1
High Yield (Moody's Ratings)						
U.S. Corporate High Yield	7.8	303	323	-20	1.5	11.2
Ba	6.6	184	201	-17	1.1	9.1
B	7.5	277	317	-40	1.4	11.5
Caa	12.2	737	751	-14	2.1	16.6
Ca-D	21.7	1,483	1,173	+310	13.2	36.7
Structured Product						
U.S. MBS	5.0	49	46	+3	(1.0)	1.4
ABS	5.2	54	68	-14	0.7	4.3
CMBS	5.3	96	126	-30	0.8	4.4

Source: Bloomberg

Credit spreads tightened across fixed income asset classes apart from mortgage-backed securities in the first quarter. Tighter credit spreads indicate lower compensation for taking on additional risk. Fixed income showed mixed performance in the first quarter, driven by a rising yield curve. The upward movement in yields resulted in negative returns for the Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index at -0.78%.

* A basis point is one-hundredth of a percentage point (0.01%) and is abbreviated as "bp" (singular) or "bps" (plural).

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Contributors

- Our security selection within corporate credit benefited performance.
- Banking, retailers, and REITs were the best performing sectors.
- Asset-backed securities (ABS) and commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS) also contributed to performance.
- From a credit perspective, our allocation to BBB-rated credits contributed most to performance.

Detractors

- Sectors that detracted from performance included aerospace & defense and wirelines.
- Security selection within agency MBS also detracted from performance.
- From a credit perspective, security selection within AAA-rated bonds including MBS detracted most from performance.

Investment Performance (%)
Average Annual Returns as of March 31, 2024

Victory Total Return Bond Fund	Inception Date	Q1 2024	YTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year	Since Inception	Expense Ratio Gross	Expense Ratio Net
A Shares, without sales charge	12/9/92	-0.53	-0.53	1.43	-2.70	0.34	1.04	3.97	1.27	0.85
A Shares, with sales charge (max. 2.25%)	12/9/92	-2.74	-2.74	-0.81	-3.42	-0.11	0.81	3.89	1.27	0.85
Y Shares	12/1/91	-0.48	-0.48	1.67	-2.45	0.58	1.29	4.22	0.67	0.60
Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	–	-0.78	-0.78	1.70	-2.46	0.36	1.54	–	–	–
Morningstar Percentile Rank	–	75	75	85	70	71	89	–	–	–
Number of Funds in Morningstar Category	–	647	647	624	557	527	368	–	–	–

Past performance does not guarantee future results. The performance quoted represents past performance and current performance may be lower or higher. The investment return and principal value will fluctuate so that an investor's shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than the original cost. To obtain performance information current to the most recent month-end, visit www.vcm.com. Returns include reinvestment of dividends and capital gains. Performance for periods greater than one year is annualized. Other share classes are available. Fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements were in place for some or all periods shown, without which Fund performance would have been lower. Net expense ratio reflects the contractual waiver and/or reimbursement of management fees through October 31, 2024.
Source: Victory Capital data analyzed through Zephyr, and Morningstar
Morningstar Category: Intermediate Core-Plus Bond
Morningstar Percentile Rank based on A Shares.[1]

Carefully consider a fund's investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses before investing. To obtain a prospectus or summary prospectus containing this and other important information, visit www.vcm.com/prospectus. Read it carefully before investing.

Not all share classes are available to all investors.

All investing involves risk, including the potential loss of principal. In addition to the normal risks associated with investing, fixed income securities are subject to interest rate, inflation, credit and default risk. The bond market is volatile. Bonds and bond funds will decrease in value as interest rates rise and vice versa. Credit risk refers to the possibility that debt issuers may not be able to make principal and interest payments or may have their debt downgraded by ratings agencies. High yield securities may be more volatile, be subject to greater levels of credit or default risk, and may be less liquid and more difficult to sell at an advantageous time or price than higher-rated securities of similar maturity. Mortgage-backed securities (MBS) and asset-backed securities (ABS) are subject to credit, prepayment and extension risk and may react differently to changes in interest rates than other bonds. Small movements in interest rates may quickly and significantly reduce the value of certain MBS and ABS. The market price of the MBS in a mortgage dollar roll transaction may drop below their future purchase price. In addition, investment in mortgage dollar rolls may significantly increase the Fund's portfolio turnover rate. The market value of a security issued on a when-issued, to-be-announced (TBA) or delayed-delivery basis may change before the delivery date, which may adversely impact the Fund's net asset value. There is also the risk that a party fails to deliver the security on time or at all. International investments may involve risk of capital loss from unfavorable fluctuation in currency values, from differences in generally accepted accounting principles or from economic or political instability in other nations.

Derivatives may not work as intended and may result in losses. The value of your investment is also subject to geopolitical risks such as wars, terrorism, environmental disasters, and public health crises; the risk of technology malfunctions or disruptions; and the responses to such events by governments and/or individual companies.

The opinions are as of the date noted and are subject to change at any time due to changes in market or economic conditions. The comments should not be construed as a recommendation of individual holdings or market sectors, but as an illustration of broader themes.

Consumer Price Index (CPI), a popular measure of inflation and deflation calculated by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, measures the monthly change in prices paid by U.S. consumers.

The Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index measures the investment grade, USD-denominated, fixed-rate taxable bond market. The index includes Treasuries, government-related and corporate securities, MBS, ABS and CMBS.

Index returns are for illustrative purposes only and do not represent actual Fund performance. Index performance does not reflect management fees, transaction costs or expenses. Indexes are unmanaged and one cannot invest directly in an index. Past performance does not guarantee future results.

[1]The Morningstar percentile ranking is based on a fund's average annual total return (excluding sales charges) relative to all funds in the same category. The highest (most favorable) percentile rank is 1%, and the lowest (least favorable) percentile rank is 100%. The information contained herein: (1) is proprietary to Morningstar and/or its content providers; (2) may not be copied or distributed; and (3) is not warranted to be accurate, complete, or timely. Neither Morningstar nor its content providers are responsible for any damages or losses arising from any use of this information. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

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